WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2019 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 2637

BY DELEGATE HOWELL, JENNINGS, SYPOLT, WORRELL,

TONEY, WAXMAN, HANSHAW (MR. SPEAKER), FOSTER,

HAMRICK, KESSINGER AND PACK

[Introduced January 24, 2019; Referred

to the Committee on Energy.]

1 A BILL to amend and reenact §24-1-1 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating 2 to excluding electric generating facilities designated as an exempt wholesale generator 3 from being regulated by the commission; requiring electric generating facilities owners or 4 operators not designated an exempt wholesale generator to obtain a siting certificate from 5 the commissioner prior to construction; requiring persons, entities, or corporations 6 constructing or constructing and operating an electric generating facility not designated an 7 exempt wholesale generator to obtain a siting certificate from the commissioner prior to 8 construction; and, excluding electric generating facilities from siting requirements to make 9 material modifications to facilities.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 2. POWERS AND DUTIES OF PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

§24-2-1. Jurisdiction of commission; waiver of jurisdiction.

(a) The jurisdiction of the commission shall extend to all public utilities, <u>except as provided</u>
 <u>in §24-2-1(d) of this code</u>, in this state and shall include any utility engaged in any of the following
 public services:

4 Common carriage of passengers or goods, whether by air, railroad, street railroad, motor, 5 or otherwise, by express or otherwise, by land, water, or air, whether wholly or partly by land, 6 water, or air; transportation of oil, gas, or water by pipeline; transportation of coal and its 7 derivatives and all mixtures and combinations thereof with other substances by pipeline: sleeping 8 car or parlor car services; transmission of messages by telephone, telegraph, or radio; generation 9 and transmission of electrical energy by hydroelectric or other utilities for service to the public, 10 whether directly or through a distributing utility; supplying water, gas, or electricity by 11 municipalities or others; sewer systems servicing 25 or more persons or firms other than the 12 owner of the sewer systems: Provided, That if a public utility other than a political subdivision 13 intends to provide sewer service by an innovative, alternative method, as defined by the federal 14 Environmental Protection Agency, the innovative, alternative method is a public utility function

and subject to the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission regardless of the number of 15 16 customers served by the innovative, alternative method; any public service district created under 17 the provisions of §16-13A-1, et seq. of this code, except that the Public Service Commission will 18 have no jurisdiction over the provision of stormwater services by a public service district; toll 19 bridges, wharves, ferries; solid waste facilities; and any other public service: Provided, however, 20 That natural gas producers who provide natural gas service to not more than 25 residential 21 customers are exempt from the jurisdiction of the commission with regard to the provisions of 22 such residential service: Provided further, That upon request of any of the customers of such 23 natural gas producers, the commission may, upon good cause being shown, exercise such 24 authority as the commission may deem appropriate over the operation, rates, and charges of such 25 producer and for such length of time as the commission may consider to be proper.

(b) The jurisdiction of the commission over political subdivisions of this state providing
separate or combined water and/or sewer services and having at least 4,500 customers and
annual combined gross revenues of \$3 million or more that are political subdivisions of the state
is limited to:

30 (1) General supervision of public utilities, as granted and described in §24-2-5 of this code;
31 (2) Regulation of measurements, practices, acts, or services, as granted and described in
32 §24-2-7 of this code;

33 (3) Regulation of a system of accounts to be kept by a public utility that is a political
34 subdivision of the state, as granted and described in §24-2-8 of this code;

35 (4) Submission of information to the commission regarding rates, tolls, charges, or
 36 practices, as granted and described in §24-2-9 of this code;

37 (5) Authority to subpoen witnesses, take testimony, and administer oaths to any witness
38 in any proceeding before or conducted by the commission, as granted and described in §24-2-10
39 of this code; and

40

(6) Investigation and resolution of disputes between a political subdivision of the state

41 providing wholesale water and/or or wastewater treatment or other services, whether by contract 42 or through a tariff, and its customer or customers, including, but not limited to, rates, fees and 43 charges, service areas and contested utility combinations: *Provided*. That any request for an 44 investigation related to such a dispute that is based on the act or omission of the political 45 subdivision shall be filed within 30 days of the act or omission of the political subdivision and the 46 commission shall resolve said dispute within 120 days of filing. The 120-day period for resolution 47 of the dispute may be tolled by the commission until the necessary information showing the basis 48 of the rates, fees, and charges or other information as the commission considers necessary is 49 filed: Provided, however, That the disputed rates, fees, and charges so fixed by the political 50 subdivision providing separate or combined water and/or or sewer services shall remain in full 51 force and effect until set aside, altered or, amended by the commission in an order to be followed 52 in the future.

53 (7) Customers of water and sewer utilities operated by a political subdivision of the state 54 may bring formal or informal complaints regarding the commission's exercise of the powers 55 enumerated in this section and the commission shall resolve these complaints.

(8) In the event that a political subdivision has a deficiency in either its bond revenue or bond reserve accounts, or is otherwise in breach of a bond covenant, any bond holder may petition the Public Service Commission for such redress as will bring the accounts to current status or otherwise resolve the breached covenant, and the commission shall have jurisdiction to fully resolve the alleged deficiency or breach.

61 (c) The commission may, upon application, waive its jurisdiction and allow a utility62 operating in an adjoining state to provide service in West Virginia when:

63 (1) An area of West Virginia cannot be practicably and economically served by a utility
64 licensed to operate within the State of West Virginia;

65 (2) Said area can be provided with utility service by a utility which operates in a state66 adjoining West Virginia;

67 (3) The utility operating in the adjoining state is regulated by a regulatory agency or68 commission of the adjoining state; and

(4) The number of customers to be served is not substantial. The rates the out-of-state
utility charges West Virginia customers shall be the same as the rate the utility is duly authorized
to charge in the adjoining jurisdiction. The commission, in the case of any such utility, may revoke
its waiver of jurisdiction for good cause.

73

(d) Any other provisions of this chapter to the contrary notwithstanding:

74 (1) An owner or operator of an electric generating facility located or to be located in this 75 state that has been designated as an exempt wholesale generator under applicable federal law, 76 or will be so designated prior to commercial operation of the facility and for which such facility the 77 owner or operator holds a certificate of public convenience and necessity issued by the 78 commission on or before July 1, 2003, shall be subject to §24-2-11c(e) through §24-2-11c(j) of 79 this code as if the certificate of public convenience and necessity for such facility were a siting 80 certificate issued under §24-2-11c of this code and shall not otherwise be subject to the jurisdiction 81 of the commission or to the provisions of this chapter with respect to such facility. except for the 82 making or constructing of a material modification thereof as provided in §24-2-1(d)(5) of this code

83 (2) Any person, corporation, or other entity that intends to construct or construct and 84 operate an electric generating facility to be located in this state that has been designated as an 85 exempt wholesale generator under applicable federal law or will be so designated prior to 86 commercial operation of the facility, and for which facility the owner or operator does not hold a 87 certificate of public convenience and necessity issued by the commission on or before July 1, 88 2003, shall, prior to commencement of construction of the facility, obtain a siting certificate from 89 the commission pursuant to the provisions of §24-2-11c of this code in lieu of a certificate of public 90 convenience and necessity pursuant to the provisions of §24-2-11 of this code. An owner or 91 operator of an electric generating facility as is described in this subdivision for which a siting 92 certificate has been issued by the commission shall be subject to §24-2-11c(e) through §24-2-

93 11c(j) of this code and shall not otherwise be subject to the jurisdiction of the commission or to
94 the provisions of this chapter with respect to such facility. except for the making or constructing
95 of a material modification thereof as provided in §24-2-1(d)(5) of this code

96 (3) An owner or operator of an electric generating facility located in this state that had has 97 not been designated as an exempt wholesale generator under applicable federal law prior to 98 commercial operation of the facility that generates electric energy solely for sale at retail outside 99 this state, inside this state, or solely for sale at wholesale in accordance with any applicable 100 federal law that preempts state law or solely for both such sales at retail and such sales at 101 wholesale shall, prior to commencement of construction of the facility, obtain a siting certificate 102 from the commission pursuant to the provisions of §24-2-11c of this code: and that had been 103 constructed and had engaged in commercial operation on or before July 1, 2003 Provided. That 104 the owner or operator described in this subdivision shall not be subject to the jurisdiction of the 105 commission or to the provisions of this chapter with respect to such facility after obtaining a siting 106 certificate from the commission. regardless of whether such facility subsequent to its construction 107 has been or will be designated as an exempt wholesale generator under applicable federal law: 108 Provided, That such owner or operator shall be subject to §24-2-1(d)(5) of this code if a material 109 modification of such facility is made or constructed

110 (4) Any person, corporation, or other entity that intends to construct or construct and 111 operate an electric generating facility to be located in this state that has not been or will not be is 112 not designated as an exempt wholesale generator under applicable federal law prior to 113 commercial operation of the facility and that will generate electric energy solely for sale at retail 114 outside this state, inside this state, or solely for sale at wholesale in accordance with any 115 applicable federal law that preempts state law or solely for both such sales at retail and such sales 116 at wholesale and that had not been constructed and had not been engaged in commercial 117 operation on or before July 1, 2003 shall, prior to commencement of construction of the facility, 118 obtain a siting certificate from the commission pursuant to the provisions of §24-2-11c of this

119 code. in lieu of a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to the provisions of §24-120 2-11 of this code An owner or operator of an electric generating facility as is described in this 121 subdivision for which a siting certificate has been issued by the commission shall be subject to 122 §24-2-11c(e) through §24-2-11c(j) of this code and shall not otherwise be subject to the 123 jurisdiction of the commission or to the provisions of this chapter with respect to such facility. 124 except for the making or constructing of a material modification thereof as provided in §24-2-125 1(d)(5) of this code

126 (5) An owner or operator of an electric generating facility described in this subsection shall 127 not be required to obtain a siting certificate before making or constructing a material modification 128 of the facility. that is not within the terms of any certificate of public convenience and necessity or 129 siting certificate previously issued for the facility or an earlier material modification thereof, obtain 130 a siting certificate for the modification from the commission pursuant to the provisions of §24-2-131 11c of this code in lieu of a certificate of public convenience and necessity for the modification 132 pursuant to the provisions of §24-2-11 of this code and, except for the provisions of §24-2-11c of 133 this code, shall not otherwise be subject to the jurisdiction of the commission or to the provisions 134 of this chapter with respect to such modification

(6) The commission shall consider an application for a certificate of public convenience
and necessity filed pursuant to §24-2-11 of this code to construct an electric generating facility
described in this subsection or to make or construct a material modification of such electric
generating facility as an application for a siting certificate pursuant to §24-2-11c of this code if the
application for the certificate of public convenience and necessity was filed with the commission
prior to July 1, 2003, and if the commission has not issued a final order thereon as of that date

(7) (6) The limitations on the jurisdiction of the commission over, and on the applicability of
the provisions of this chapter to, the owner or operator of an electric generating facility as imposed
by and described in this subsection shall not be deemed to affect or limit the commission's
jurisdiction over contracts or arrangements between the owner or operator of such facility and any

145 affiliated public utility subject to the provisions of this chapter.

(e) The commission shall not have jurisdiction of Internet protocol-enabled service or
 voice-over Internet protocol-enabled service. As used in this subsection:

(1) "Internet protocol-enabled service" means any service, capability, functionality, or
application provided using Internet protocol, or any successor protocol, that enables an end user
to send or receive a communication in Internet protocol format, or any successor format,
regardless of whether the communication is voice, data, or video.

152 (2) "Voice-over Internet protocol service" means any service that:

(i) Enables real-time two-way voice communications that originate or terminate from the
user's location using Internet protocol or a successor protocol; and

155 (ii) Uses a broadband connection from the user's location.

(3) The term "voice-over Internet protocol service" includes any service that permits users
to receive calls that originate on the public-switched telephone network and to terminate calls on
the public-switched telephone network.

(f) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, the commission shall not have
jurisdiction to review or approve any transaction involving a telephone company otherwise subject
to §24-2-12 and §24-2-12a of this code if all entities involved in the transaction are under common
ownership.

(g) The Legislature finds that the rates, fees, charges, and ratemaking of municipal power systems are most fairly and effectively regulated by the local governing body. Therefore, notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, the commission shall not have jurisdiction over the setting or adjustment of rates, fees, and charges of municipal power systems. Further, the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission over municipal power systems is limited to that granted specifically in this code.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to exclude electric generating facilities designated as an

exempt wholesale generator from being regulated by the commission; requires electric generating facilities owners, operators, or constructors, intending to generate electricity for sale not designated an exempt wholesale generator to only be subject to the commission to obtain a siting certificate prior to construction; and to exclude electric generating facilities from siting requirements to make modifications to facilities.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.